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The research problem discussed in this paper relates to the factors influencing the purchase prices of agricultural raw materials in the markets where the progressive processes of globalization and integration within the Common Agricultural Policy can be observed in recent years.

The main research objective of the dissertation is to assess the impact of globalization and the Common Agricultural Policy on the differentiation of price formation on individual agricultural commodity markets in Poland. An additional aspect of the work is to compare the achieved results against the background of the largest agricultural producers in the European Union, ie France and Germany.

The dissertation verifies the main research hypothesis and four auxiliary hypotheses. Based on the adopted goals and the query of the literature, the following main hypothesis was formulated: Purchase prices of agricultural raw materials depend on external and internal factors, but the impact of globalization and the Common Agricultural Policy is greater than those related to the internal functioning of the state.

The doctoral dissertation consists of an introduction, five chapters, a summary and an appendix, and has a theoretical and empirical character. Six agricultural markets were included in the analysis: cereals, rape, potatoes, beef, cow's milk and chicken eggs. The empirical verification of the hypotheses was made in two stages. In the first one, the correlations between the identified determinants and individual purchase prices of agricultural raw materials were examined. Then, econometric models were built in order to indicate which of the considered variables will best explain the buying-in prices in 2005-2019. The empirical material includes data from foreign databases such as FAOSTAT, World Bank and ITC